

## Jamestown 2015 Comprehensive Community Plan: Issues & Opportunities by Topic

TOPIC	2015 Issues	2015 Opportunities
NEIGHBORHOODS	☐ The lack of affordable housing is a significant issue, with limited options for low-to-moderate-income households.	☐ Revising zoning ordinances can create more inclusive housing options for residents.
	<ul> <li>□ There is a significant disparity between housing prices &amp; median household income.</li> <li>□ Many Jamestown households are cost burdened.</li> </ul>	□ Repurposing underutilized land for affordable housing can help meet statemandated goals.
	☐ High land & development costs, along with infrastructure limitations, make it difficult to build new affordable housing.	□ Partnerships with non-profit housing developers & securing funding can support new affordable housing projects.
જ	☐ Jamestown's workforce, including municipal, marine & service workers, are priced out.	☐ Ensure long-term affordability by using land trusts & monitoring deed-restricted rental units to preserve affordable housing over time.
HOUSING	☐ The volunteer firefighter force is threatened because of unaffordability.	☐ Raise awareness of Jamestown's affordability needs through public education.
	☐ Some oppose affordable housing, citing concern about crime, property values, & neighborhood character.	☐ Establish funding mechanisms such as an Affordable Housing Trust Fund & employer-assisted housing programs.
	☐ Zoning regulations & infrastructure limitations, such as limited sewer & water services, restrict development, complicating efforts to meet housing & economic needs.	☐ Zoning updates can encourage sustainable development (e.g. mixed-use, village-style) which supports growth & preserves town's character & natural resources.
	□ Many areas in Jamestown are unsuitable for development due to constraints such as poor soil quality, wetlands, & steep slopes.	☐ Jamestown Shores: Implement & enforce the High Groundwater Overlay District to protect water quality & regulate impervious surfaces / manage stormwater runoff.
Щ	□ Conversion of multi-family homes to single-family homes has reduced housing diversity.	□ Rural Areas: Strengthen land-use regulations to ensure the protection of
LAND USE	☐ Jamestown Shores: Homes on substandard lots has led to groundwater contamination risks, exacerbated by poor soils & limited water resources.	groundwater, (via zoning updates & conservation efforts).
	☐ Rural Areas: Groundwater yields are low, & soils are poorly suited for OWTS, which	development aligns with infrastructure capacity.
	threatens groundwater quality in areas like Beavertail.  □ The zoning ordinance does not fully align with the current & future land use maps.	☐ Future Land Use: Encourage sustainable land use practices that prioritize open space & water resource protection, aligning with Jamestown's rural character.
	☐ Future Land Use: Less than 15% of the land remains undeveloped, limiting future growth opportunities and making conservation critical.	☐ Growth Management: Utilize growth management strategies like conservation development to maintain the town's infrastructure & protect natural resources.



TOPIC	2015 Issues	2015 Opportunities
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	☐ Jamestown's economy relies heavily on seasonal tourism, which creates income variability & workforce challenges.	□ Developing the village area using smart growth principles can enhance commercial opportunities & attract year-round businesses.
	☐ Commercial development is limited & needs to be carefully balanced with conservation efforts.	□ Expanding tourism offerings, particularly eco-tourism & heritage tourism, can increase economic resilience.
	☐ Infrastructure constraints in the village & waterfront areas limit opportunities for business growth.	□ Waterfront development can be carefully managed to support recreational boating, fishing, & tourism while protecting the environment.
	☐ Limited overnight accommodations for lodging are available on the island, restricting the potential for additional tourism.	☐ Expansion of aquaculture opportunities & growth of the blue economy can promote economic development within Jamestown & exports to surrounding communities.
	☐ Historic & cultural sites in Jamestown are vulnerable to both natural hazards, such as flooding & hurricanes, & human activities, such as development & neglect.	☐ Preserving & restoring historic landmarks & landscapes can enhance community character & support heritage tourism, providing economic & cultural benefits.
ATION	Many cultural & historical resources lack sufficient protections, & some sites may face deterioration due to inadequate maintenance.	□ Expanding historic preservation programs & partnerships with local organizations can protect & promote Jamestown's cultural resources.
PRESERVATION	☐ Development pressures may lead to the loss of scenic & historical landscapes, which are key to the town's identity & tourism economy.	□ Incorporating cultural & scenic resources into land use planning can ensure that future development respects & enhances the town's heritage.
<del></del>	☐ There is severe lack of public awareness of the importance of historic preservation. Many people are unaware they live in a historic building or near a historic site, & do not know	□ Maintaining inventories of historic properties can enhance education & protection efforts.
ULTURAL	how to properly care for these properties.   Many residents are opposed to creating historic districts.	☐ Young families are purchasing older homes & restoring them to their original appearance.
HISTORIC & CUL		□ Strengthening partnership with the Jamestown Historical Society to support preservation efforts & pursue historic designation of new districts & resources.



TOPIC	2015 Issues	2015 Opportunities
NATURAL RESOURCES	☐ Jamestown's surface & groundwater supplies available for drinking water are limited, & water resources in some areas show signs of overuse & pollution from development, agriculture, & stormwater runoff.	□ A range of mechanisms for conservation efforts, including land acquisition & protection & local ordinances, can be used to safeguard water resources, wetlands, & critical habitats for wildlife.
	☐ Wetlands & coastal ecosystems are under pressure from land development & boating infrastructure, which threatens their ability to function as critical habitats & buffers against flooding.	☐ Strengthening water quality protection measures through local regulations on waste disposal systems & implementation of pond management plans can help maintain the health of drinking water sources.
	☐ Habitat fragmentation & loss of open space pose risks to local wildlife, & sensitive	□ Water conservation programs & ordinances can extend limited water supplies.
	ecological areas are at risk from climate change & human activity.	□ Management of natural habitats in recreation areas to reduce human impacts, can enhance biodiversity & mitigate soil erosion.
		☐ Public coastal access could be improved & expanded at existing rights of way to encourage recreation & manage impacts.
<b>∞</b>	☐ Jamestown's coastal location makes it highly vulnerable to flooding, sea-level rise, & storm surge, which threatens homes & infrastructure.	☐ Implementing & regularly updating the Hazard Mitigation Plan can reduce risks from natural hazards & improve preparedness for disasters.
3ILITY NCE	☐ Critical infrastructure, such as bridges & key roads, is at risk from severe weather & climate change, which may lead to isolation during emergencies.	☐ Prioritizing infrastructure projects that mitigate flood risks, especially in vulnerable areas, can strengthen the town's resilience.
SUSTAINABILITY RESILIENCE	<ul> <li>Climate change is expected to increase the frequency &amp; severity of natural hazards, such as hurricanes, nor'easters, &amp; severe winter storms, amplifying risks to the community.</li> <li>Few climate adaptation planning efforts have been studied or conducted in Jamestown.</li> </ul>	□ Performing an energy audit & continuing to monitor energy usage could provide a baseline understanding. With this data, the Town could create energy consumption goals & benchmarks.
ns 	2 rewelling energy read read been elegated or confederal in carried entities.	□ Public education & outreach programs can increase community awareness & preparedness for natural hazards & climate change impacts.
ICES	☐ Many public facilities, including the recreation & senior centers, schools & emergency services, are aging & require upgrades to meet future needs.	☐ Upgrading & expanding public facilities can enhance community services & support population growth.
SERVICI	☐ School enrollment has declined in recent years, but the total education budget remains to be a significant part of the municipal budget.	☐ Improving water management & conservation strategies can help ensure a sustainable water supply for the future.
TES &	□ Limited municipal resources hinder the Town's ability to expand/maintain critical services & facilities.	☐ Securing state & federal funding for facility upgrades can reduce the financial burden.
PUBLIC FACILITIE	☐ Jamestown's water supply is reliant on its two reservoirs, which creates a concern for future demand, especially in the case of drought.	□ Allocate or negotiate school funds from North Kingstown to increase funding for other municipal programs.
	☐ Groundwater infiltration into sewer lines reduces the system's capacity & has become an increasingly common problem in recent years.	



TOPIC	2015 Issues	2015 Opportunities
PARKS, OPEN SPACE, &	<ul> <li>□ Development pressures threaten valuable open space &amp; prime farmland.</li> <li>□ Older recreational facilities are in need of repairs &amp; upgrades, &amp; recreational needs are</li> </ul>	☐ Funding is available within the Town for preservation efforts to help protect open space & the watershed & for enhancements to recreational facilities.
	changing.  □ Protecting wetlands & sensitive ecological areas is essential & urgent given development	□ Designs & funding are available for a greenway bike path that could support bicycle use on the island by visitors & residents.
	pressures.	□ Agricultural land preservation & supportive local policies can enhance local farming & support food security & protect rural character.
∞ ~	☐ Traffic congestion and parking shortages in village and waterfront areas affect access to businesses and quality of life, especially during the tourist season.	☐ Expanding public transportation, biking, & walking infrastructure can reduce traffic congestion & improve overall circulation.
ATION TION	<ul> <li>□ Road maintenance is underfunded, with many local roads in poor condition, and traffic from Route 138 upgrades requires better speed control &amp; enforcement.</li> </ul>	□ Investing in road maintenance & infrastructure improvements will support long-term growth & enhance connectivity.
TRANSPORTATION	□ Public transportation options are limited, with low ridership & insufficient bus services, while alternative transportation modes like biking and walking infrastructure remain	□ Developing new parking solutions & implementing traffic management strategies can better accommodate visitors & support local businesses.
	underdeveloped.  □ The need for long-term parking for village employees and the underutilization of marine transportation are challenging.	□ Expanding ferry services & improving public transportation options will alleviate vehicular traffic & reduce parking demand, especially during peak seasons.